



MMP I

Exercise Sheet 3

HS 21
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<https://www.physik.uzh.ch/en/teaching/PHY312>

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Exercise 1 [Properties of Fourier transform (5 points)]

Consider the functions $f, g, \hat{f}, \hat{g} \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}$, $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}/\{0\}$ and the two operators D_λ and T_α are defined as

$$(D_\lambda f)(x) = f(\lambda x)$$
$$(T_\alpha f)(x) = f(x + \alpha), \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

and demonstrate the following properties of the Fourier transform in \mathbb{R}^n :

- a) $\widehat{\alpha f + \beta g} = \alpha \hat{f} + \beta \hat{g}$,
- b) $\widehat{\overline{\hat{f}}(k)} = \hat{f}(-k)$,
- c) $\widehat{(D_\lambda f)}(k) = |\lambda|^{-n} \hat{f}(\frac{1}{\lambda}k)$,
- d) $\widehat{T_\alpha f}(k) = \hat{f}(k)e^{ik\alpha}$,
- e) $\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \hat{f}g = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f\hat{g}$.

Exercise 2 [Properties of Fourier transform (4 points)]

Show that:

- a) $\hat{f}(k) = \overline{\hat{f}(-k)} \leftrightarrow f(x) \in \mathbb{R}$
- b) $\widehat{f'}(k) = ik\hat{f}(k)$, for $f(x)$ compactly supported.
- c) $\widehat{xf}(k) = i\frac{d}{dk}\hat{f}(k)$.

– please turn over –

Exercise 3 [Fourier transform (5 points)]

Calculate the Fourier transform for the following functions in \mathbb{R} :

a) Step function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } -3 \leq x \leq -1 \\ 1, & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{for } x = 0 \text{ elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

b) $f(x) = e^{-a^2 x^2}$.

What can you say if $a = 1/\sqrt{2}$? [Hint: Use $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$]

c)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-ax}, & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Which is the Fourier transform of $x^2 f(x)$?